

The gluon-fusion cross section with a jet veto

Frank Petriello

Northwestern University and Argonne National Laboratory

Reporting on work by Massimiliano Grazzini, Jianming Qian,
Iain Stewart, Fabian Stoeckli, Frank Tackmann and others

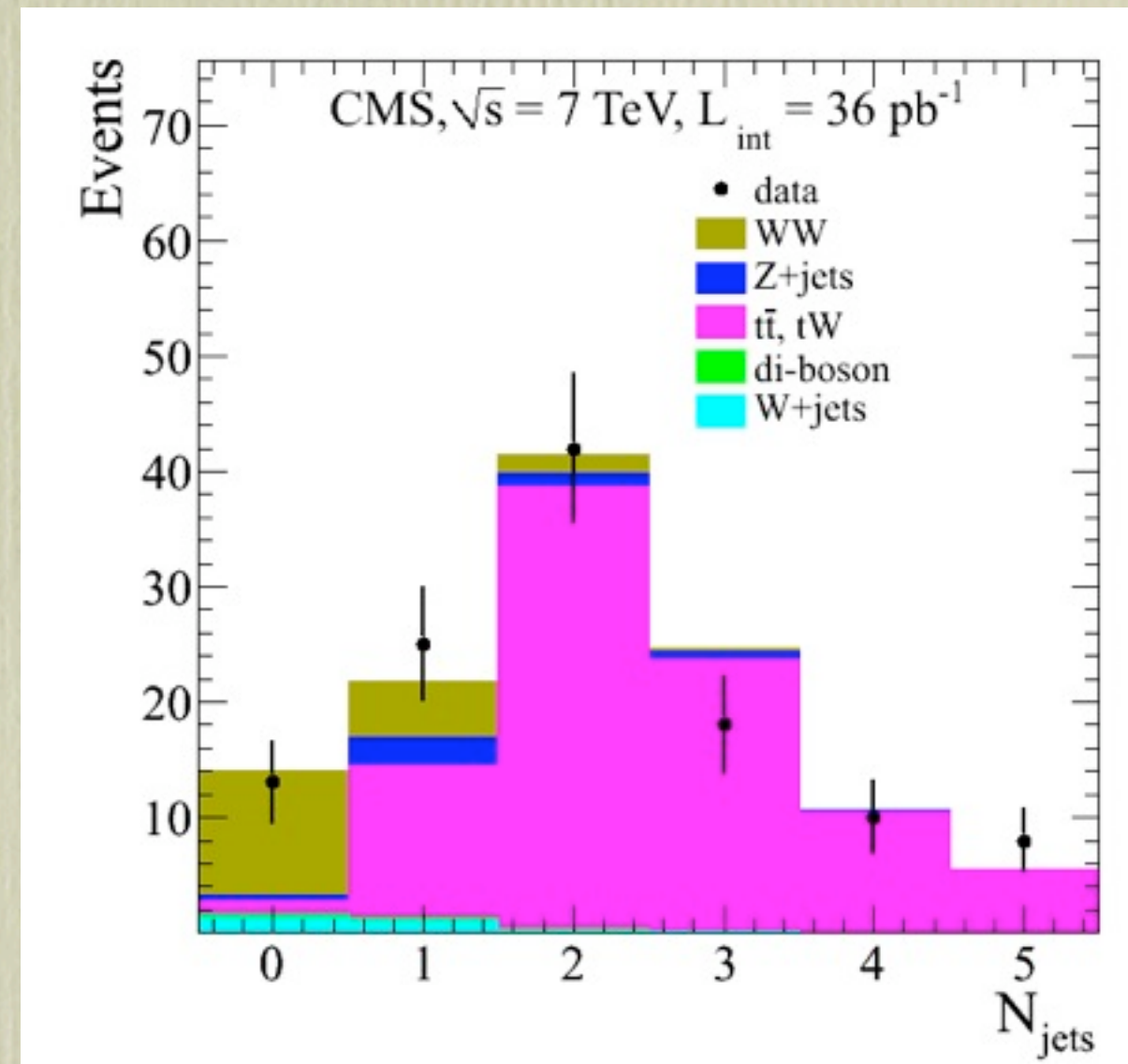
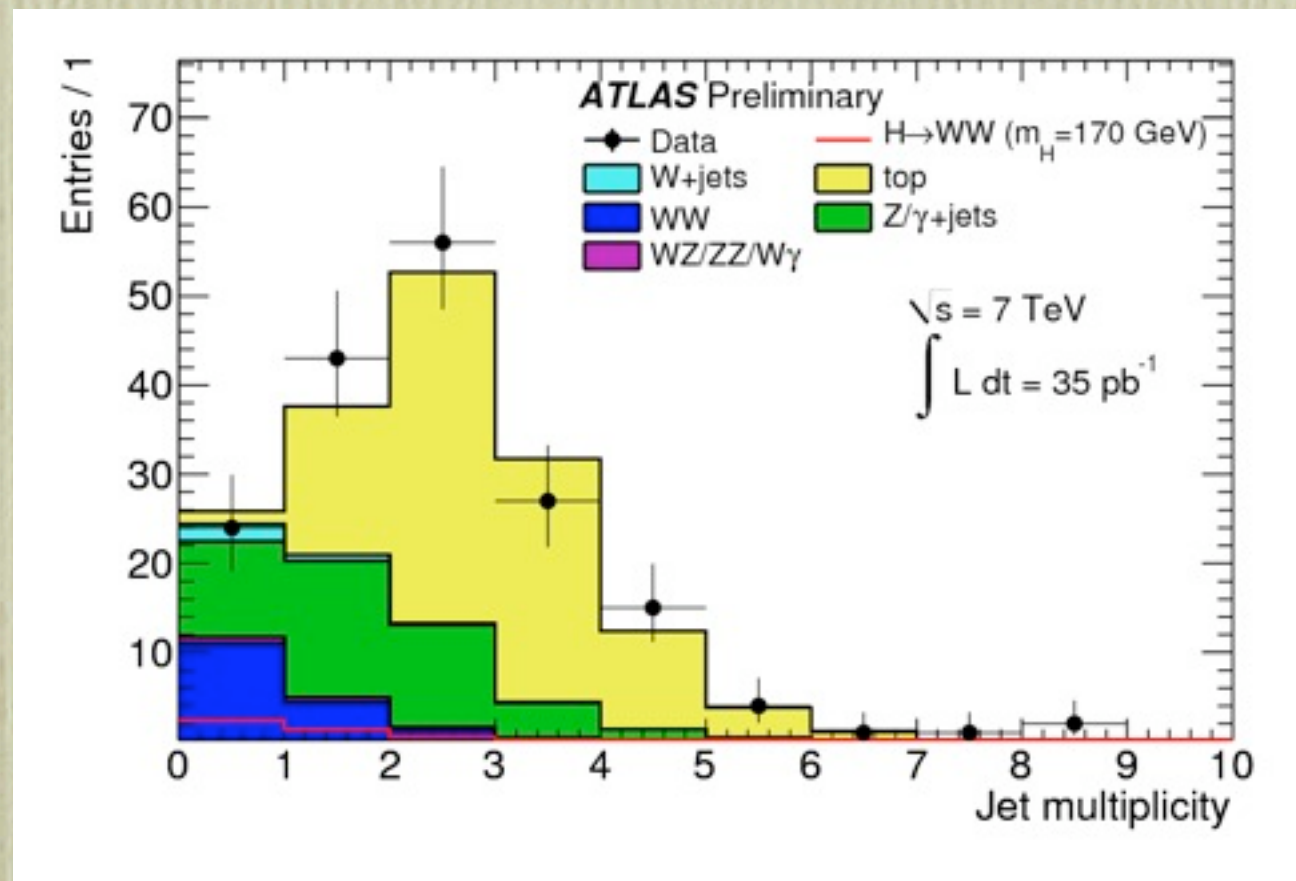
Higgs cross sections for the LHC

May 5, 2011

Issues for discussion

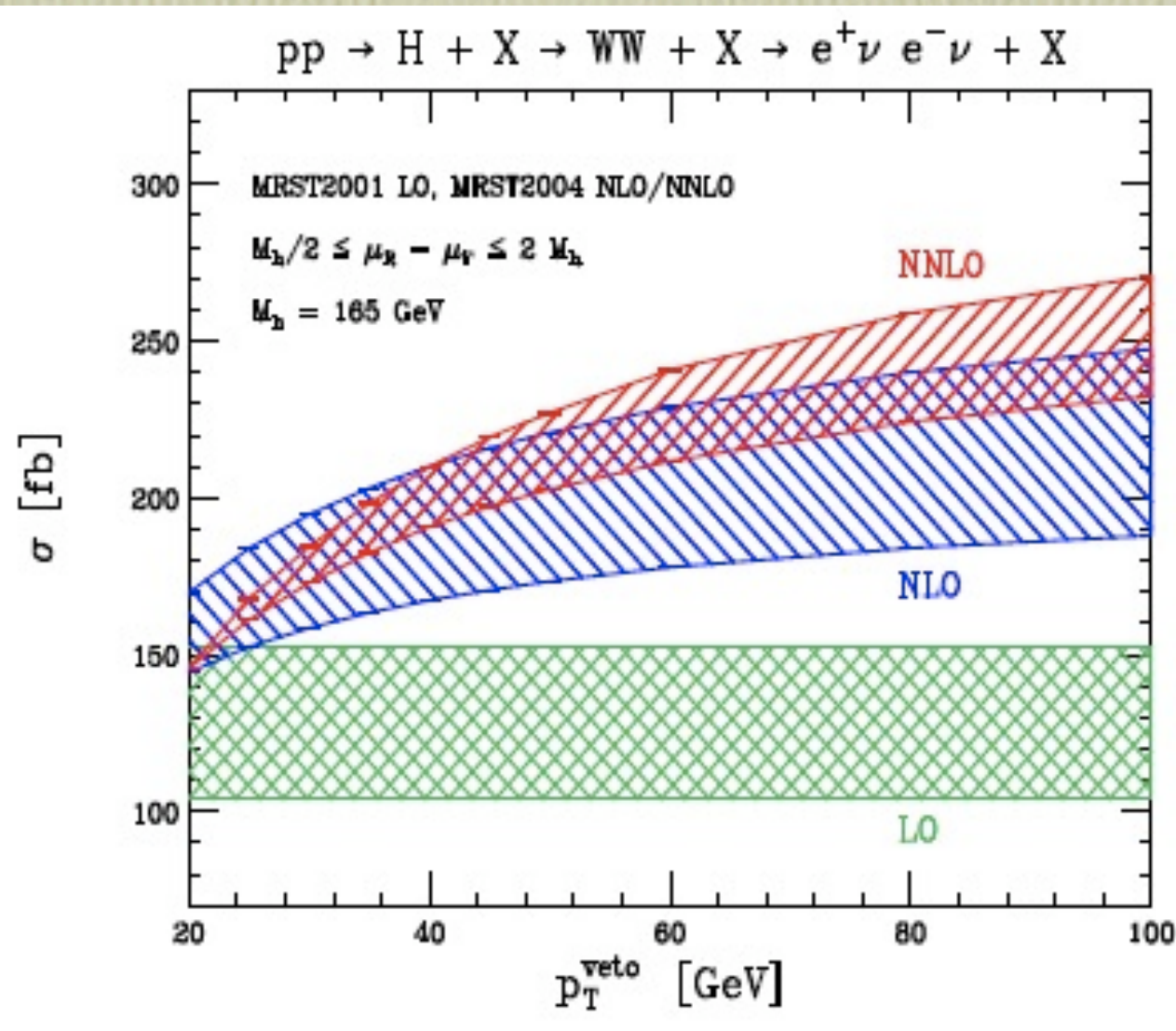
- What are the uncertainties for the 0,1,2 jet bins; should they be taken from fixed-order NNLO, or from elsewhere?
- Given a set of uncertainties (say, from fixed-order) how do we treat correlations between the jet bins?

The need for the jet veto



- Large $t\bar{t}$ background forces binning via jet multiplicity;
 25 GeV cut envisioned

Large logarithms



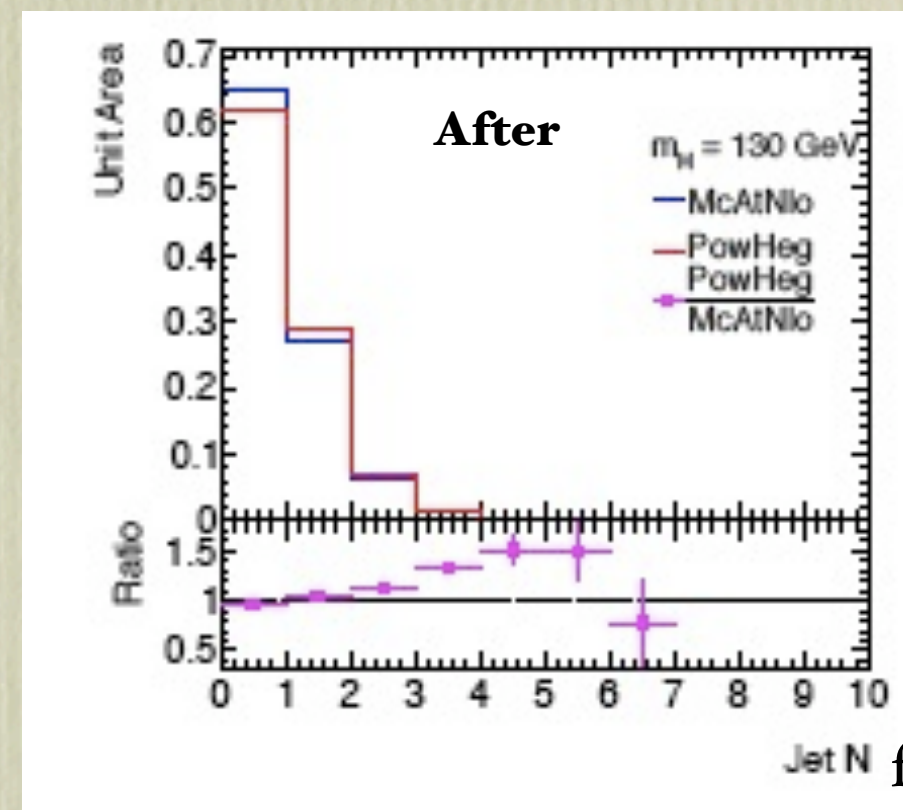
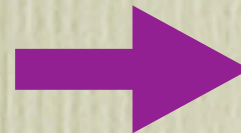
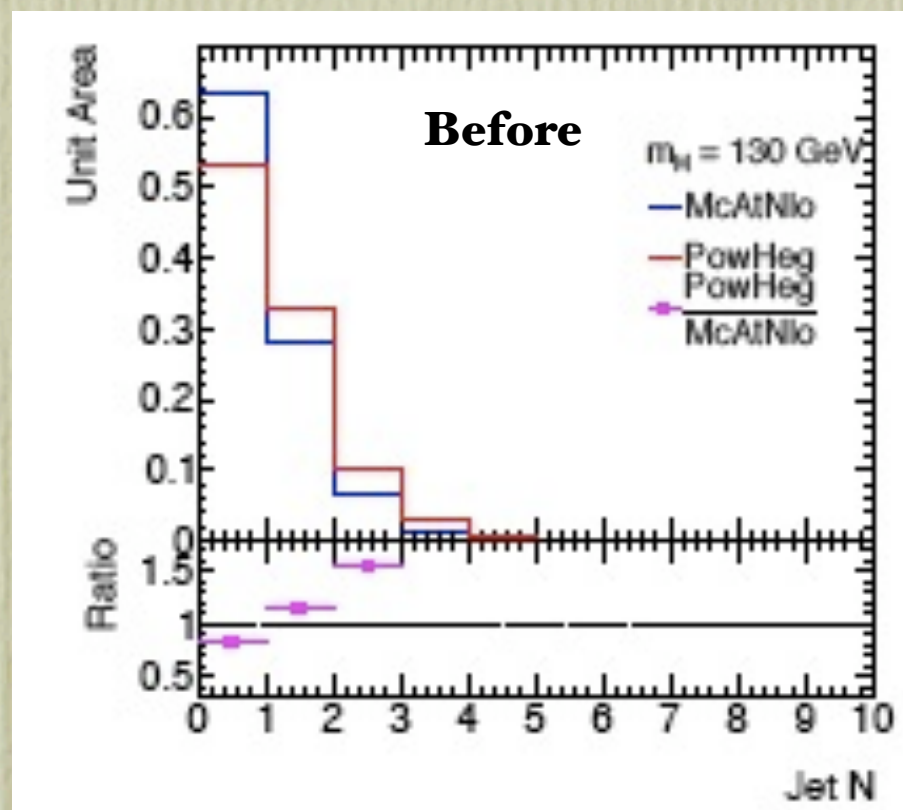
- Fixed-order expansion shows evidence of large logarithms

$$2C_A \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \ln^2 \left(\frac{m_h}{p_T^{\text{cut}}} \right) \approx 0.6$$

- Large for LHC cuts (25 GeV)
- Scale variation for this cut indicates 5-6% uncertainty

Higgs p_T reweighting

- Unfortunately can't resum jet veto directly; forced to rely upon other variables for insight

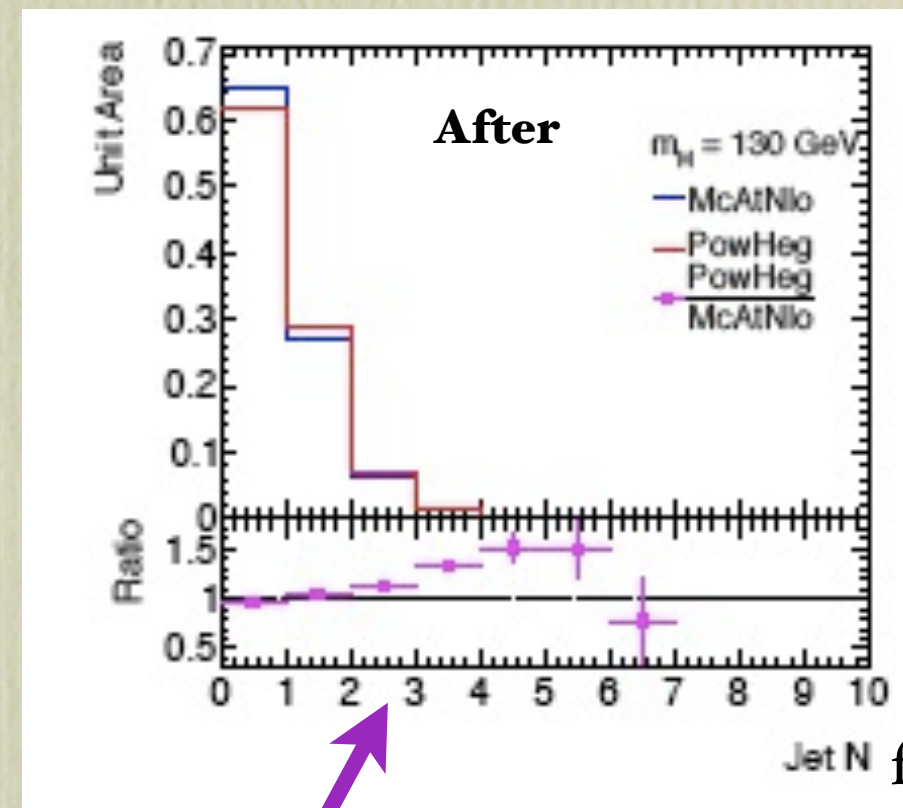
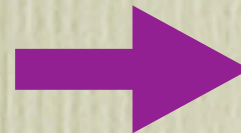
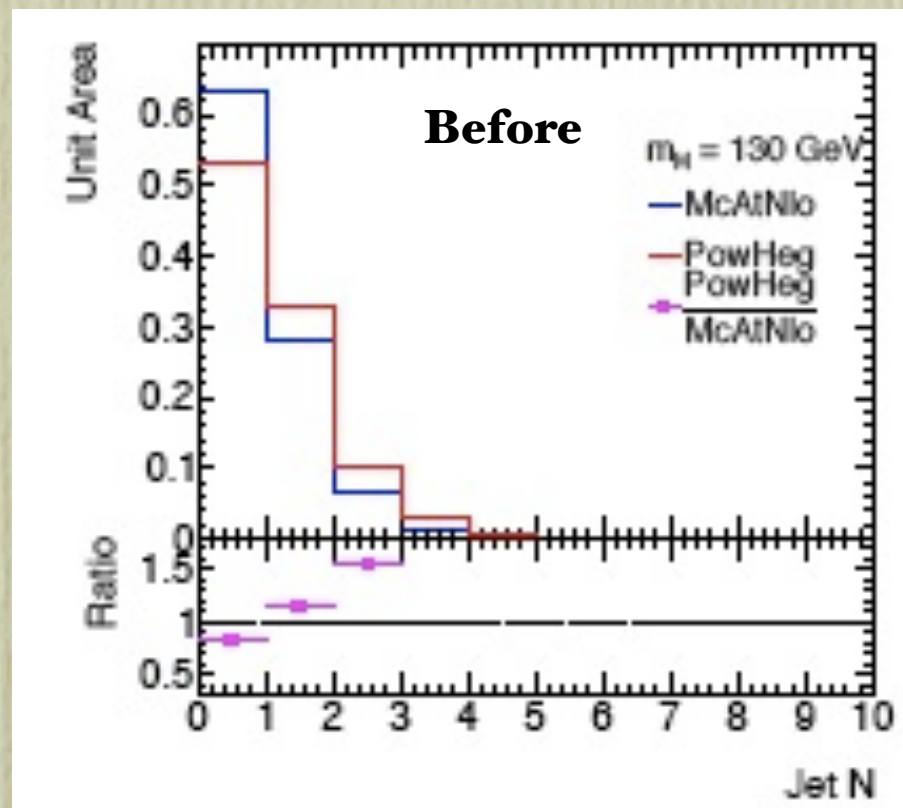


from J. Qian

- Reweight Monte Carlo to Higgs p_T at NNLL using HqT Grazzini et al.
- But p_T differs from the jet veto at $O(\alpha_s^2)$ due to multiple gluon emission

Higgs p_T reweighting

- Unfortunately can't resum jet veto directly; forced to rely upon other variables for insight



from J. Qian

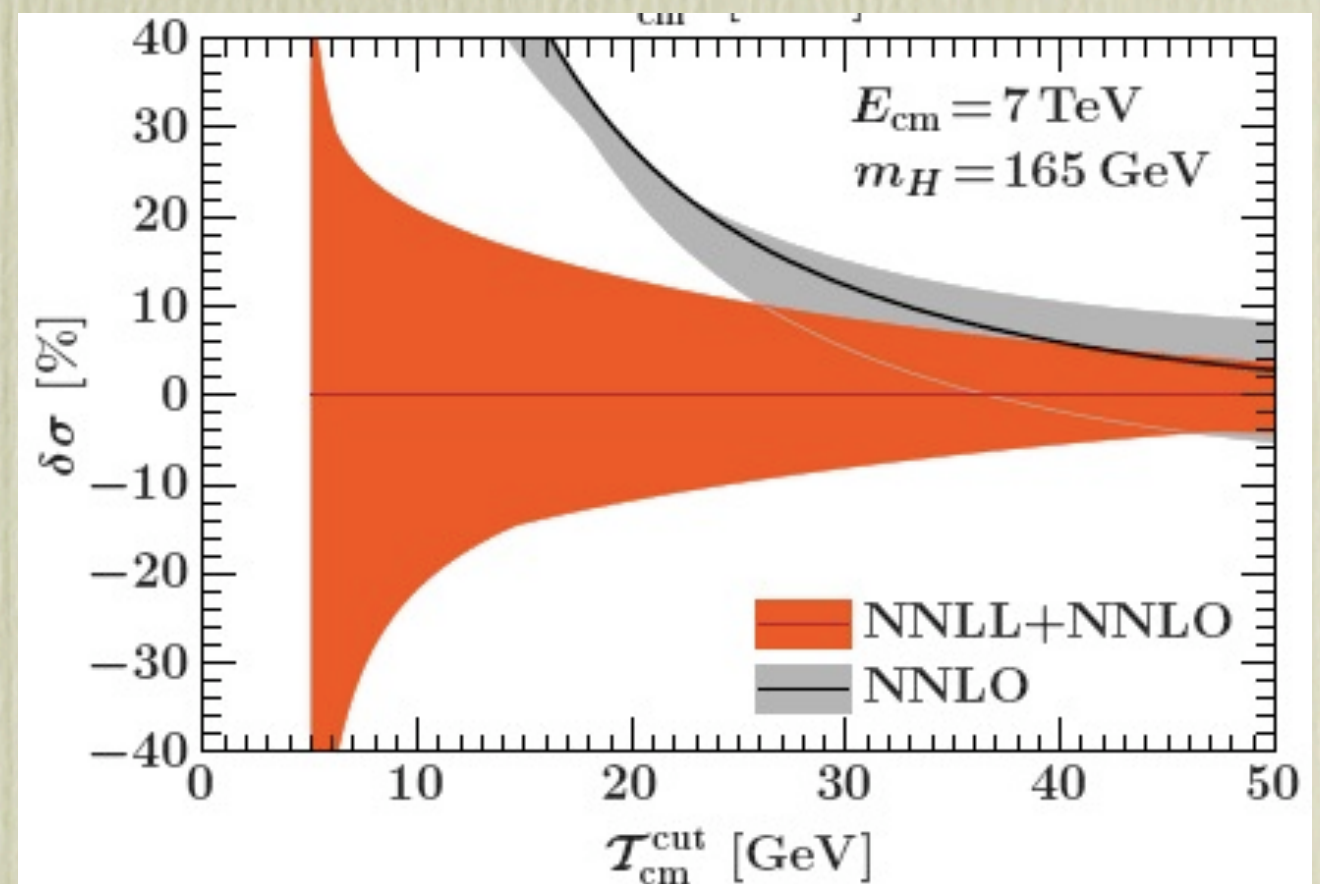
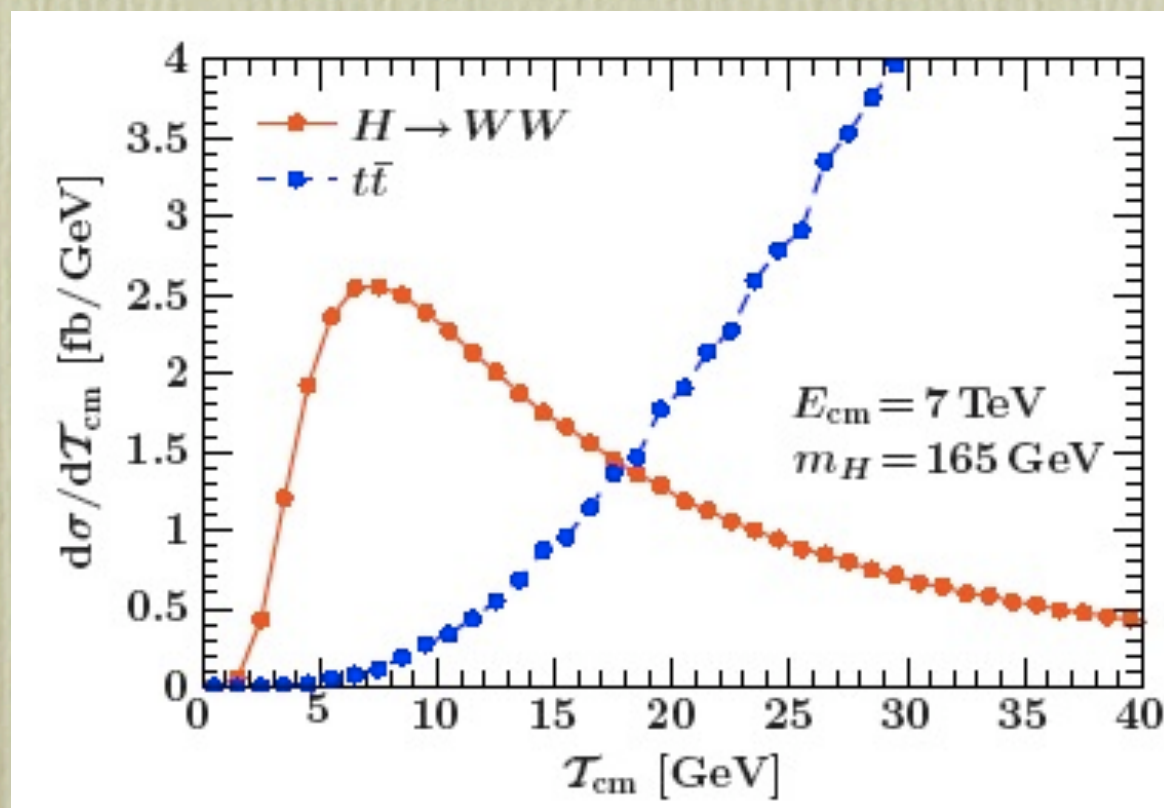
Note MC@NLO/POWHEG agreement after reweighting

Beam thrust

$$\tau = \frac{\mathcal{T}_{\text{cm}}}{m_H}, \quad \mathcal{T}_{\text{cm}} = \sum_k |\vec{p}_{kT}| e^{-|\eta_k|} = \sum_k (E_k - |p_k^z|).$$

$$\mathcal{T}_{\text{cm}}^{\text{cut}} \simeq m_H \left(\frac{p_T^{\text{cut}}}{m_H} \right)^{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sigma(\mathcal{T}_{\text{cm}}^{\text{cut}}) \propto \left(1 - \frac{\alpha_s C_A}{\pi} \ln^2 \frac{\mathcal{T}_{\text{cm}}^{\text{cut}}}{m_H} + \dots \right), \quad \sigma(p_T^{\text{cut}}) \propto \left(1 - \frac{2\alpha_s C_A}{\pi} \ln^2 \frac{p_T^{\text{cut}}}{m_H} + \dots \right)$$



Berger, Marcantonini, Stewart, Tackmann, Waalewijn 2010

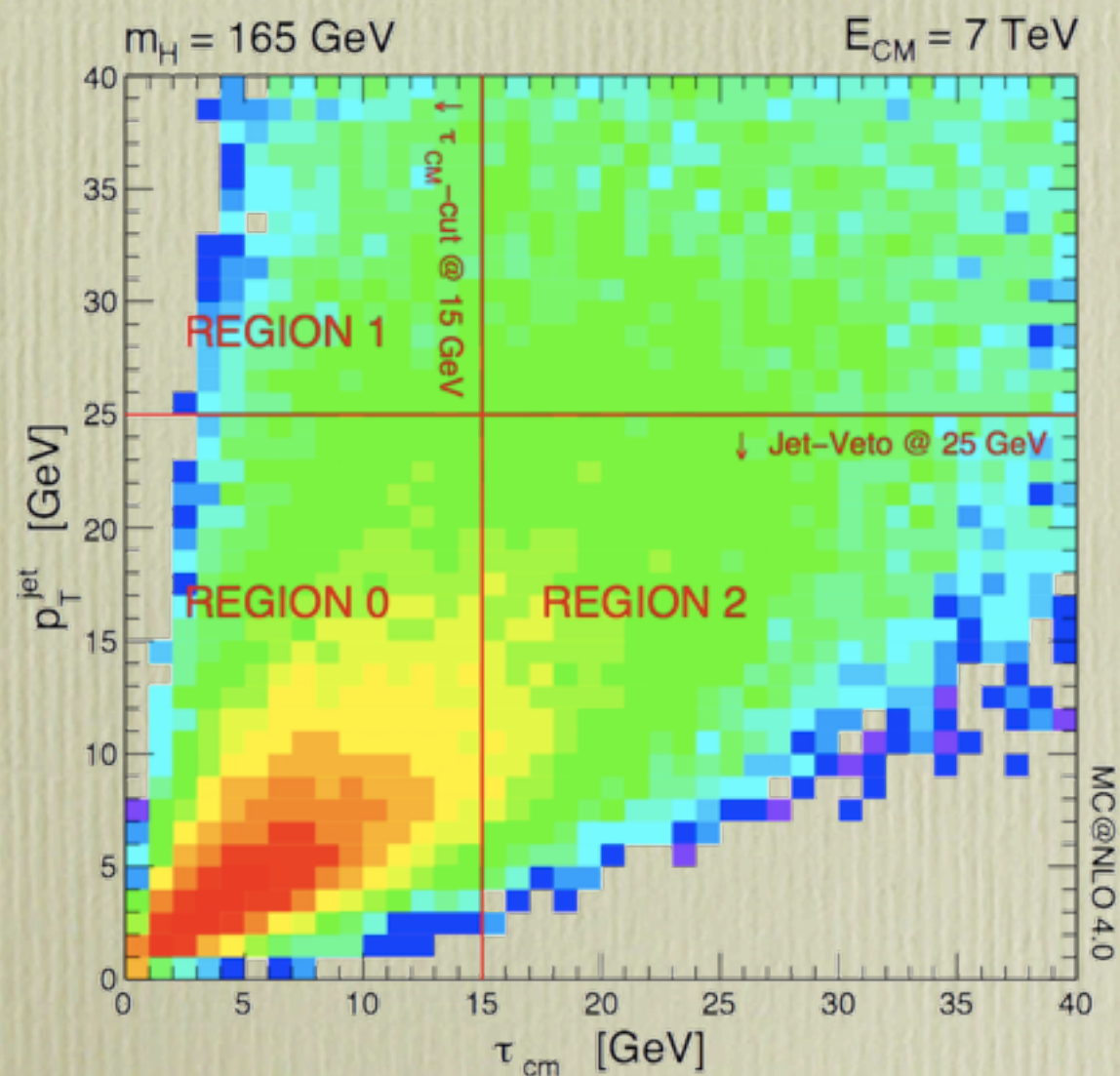
Most importantly, a much larger uncertainty

Beam thrust

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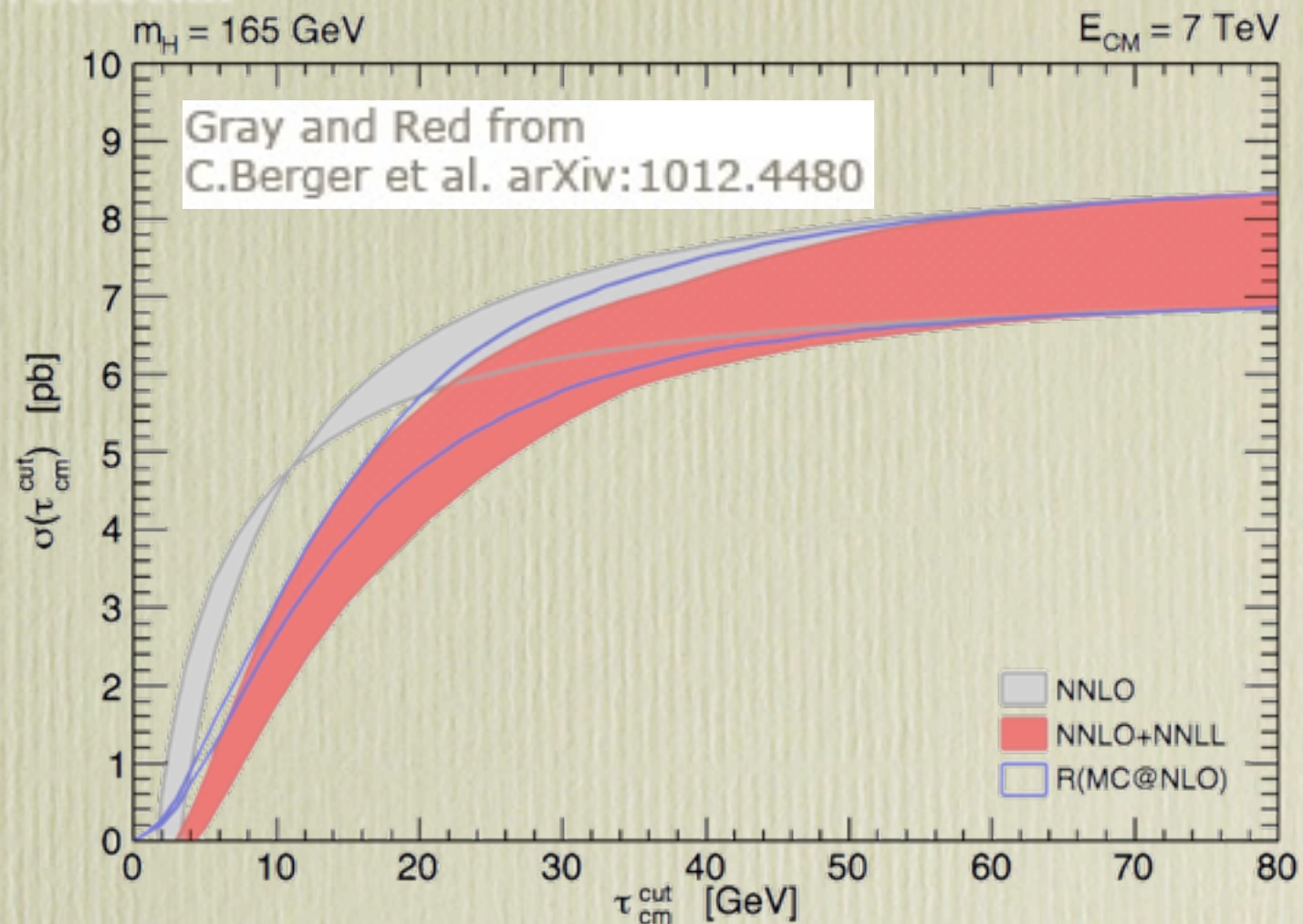
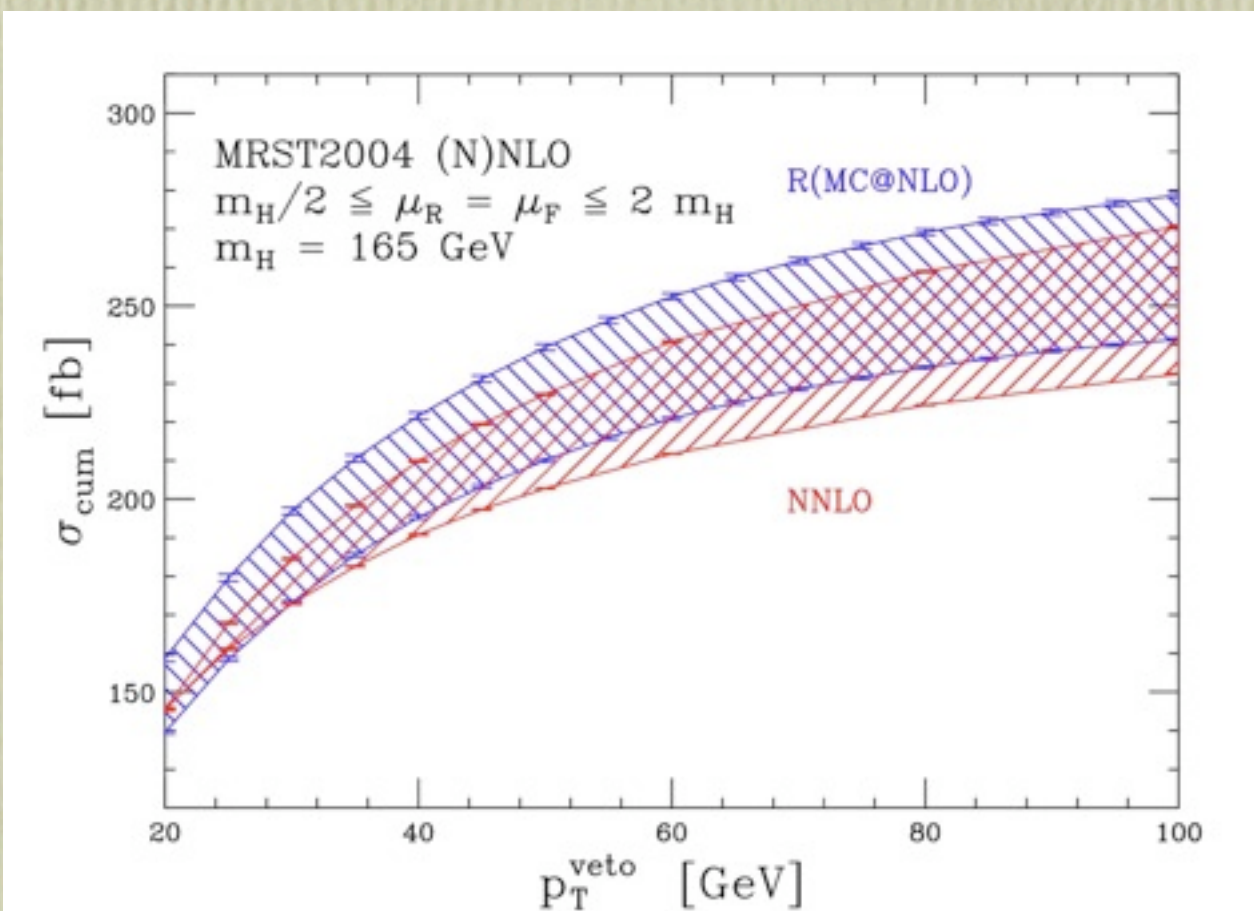


Unfortunately this isn't quite the jet veto either

from F.
Stoeckli

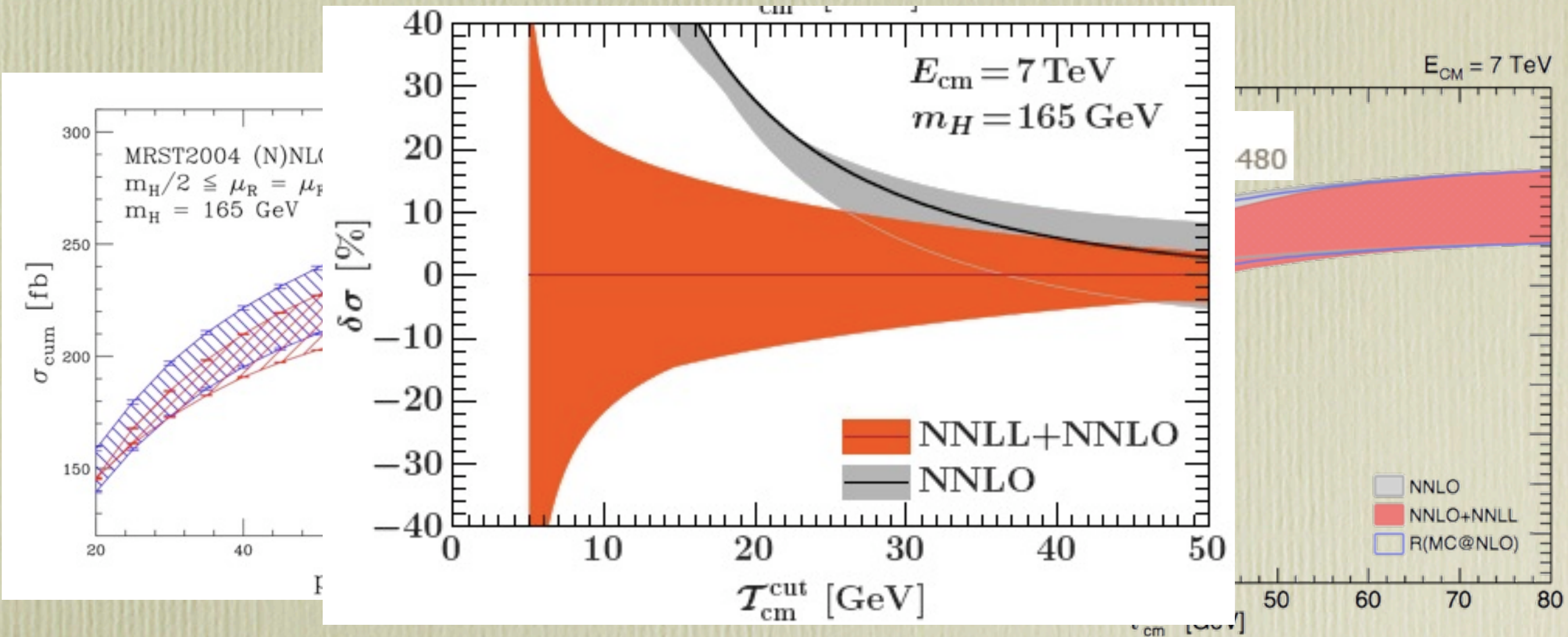
Reweighting

from F. Stoeckli



- It appears that reweighting MC@NLO/POWHEG to p_T spectrum gives a description of all kinematic variables consistent with best guess

Reweighting



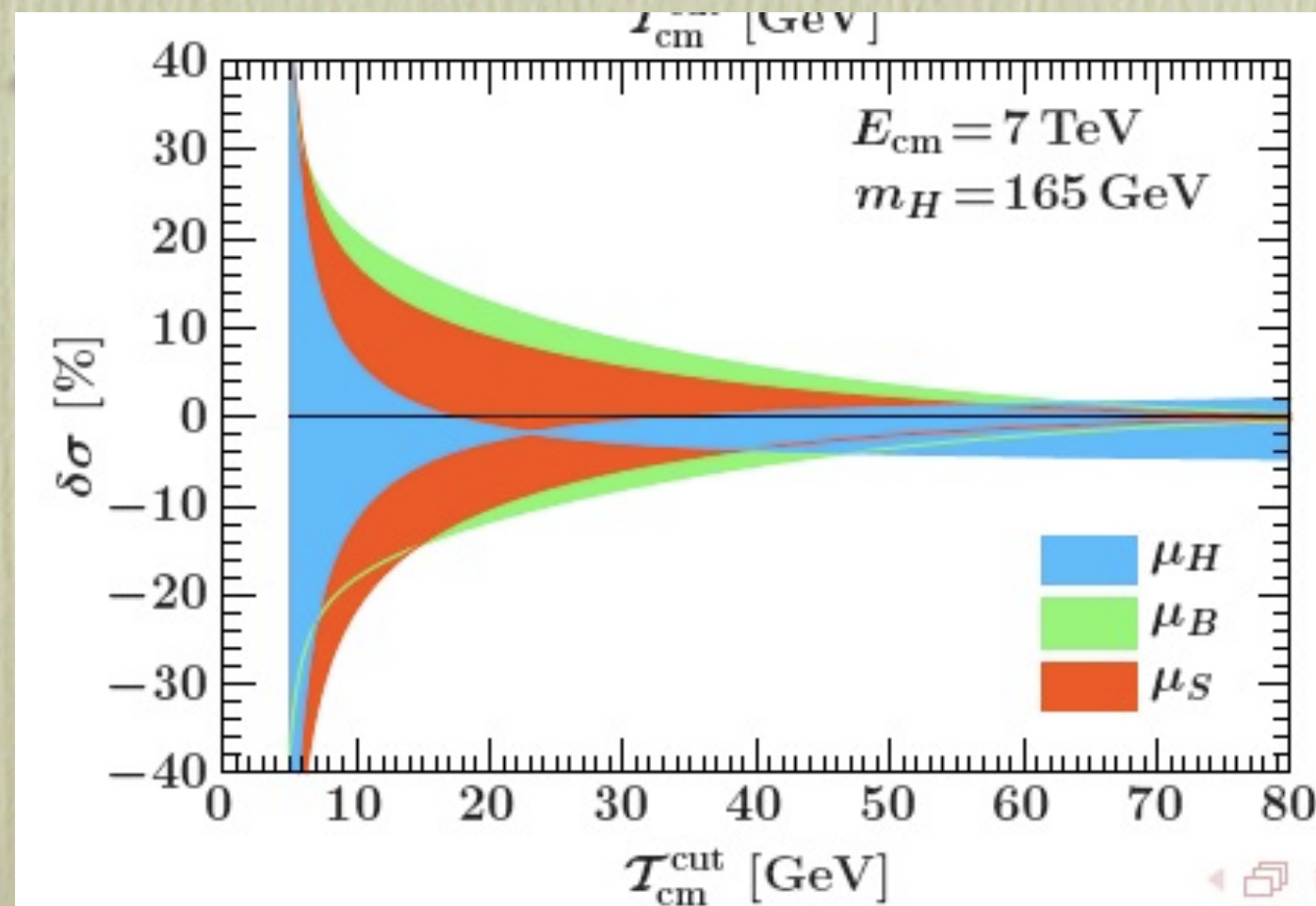
But given this we should be conservative with the error

Uncertainty studies

- 5-6% for the 0-jet bin, less than for the simpler inclusive cross section, is too small...
- First proposal: new version of HqT Grazzini et al. will allow for separate variation of μ_R , μ_F , resummation scale, and non-perturbative parameters (next talk).
Vary all and take envelope, use max/min to reweight MC@NLO/POWHEG and MC@NLO.
Find uncertainty after cuts. Is it larger than fixed-order (5-6%) in 0-jet bin?

Uncertainty studies

- Second proposal: use beam thrust to reweight
- More “knobs” allowing for separate determination of sensitivity to collinear, soft, hard radiation, not present in other approaches



- If not a study for the short-term (summer conferences), then should be done in the long-term

Correlations

- Given uncertainties we have now (fixed-order for total cross section, 0,1,2 jet bins), how best to use them and treat correlations?

Correlations: proposal 1

$$\sigma_{\text{vis}} = \sigma_{\text{tot}} \times A \times f$$

Fractions in each jet bin

- Take the total cross sections and their uncertainties from the CERN Yellow Report;
- Estimate jet veto/bin (scale) uncertainties separately and take into account potential correlations with those on the total cross sections

f_j correlation matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1.00 & -0.95 & -0.98 \\ -0.95 & 1.00 & 0.88 \\ -0.98 & 0.88 & 1.00 \end{pmatrix}$$

σ_{tot} and f_j correlation:

0-jet=-0.99, 1-jet=0.96, 2-jet=0.95

from J. Qian

Reproduces the following uncertainties for the 0, 1 jet-bin cross sections, $m_H = 165 \text{ GeV}$, $p_T < 30 \text{ GeV}$ veto:

📌 5-6% in 0-jet bin

📌 14-16% in 1-jet bin

Correlations: proposal 2

from F. Tackmann

First consider *inclusive* jet cross sections

$$\sigma_{\text{total}}, \sigma_{\geq 1}, \sigma_{\geq 2} \Rightarrow C = \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\text{total}}^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Delta_{\geq 2}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Logic: logarithms of $\ln(m_H/p_T^{\text{cut}})$ appear in ≥ 1 cross section, but not the total; assume these terms dominate error

Correlations: proposal 2

from F. Tackmann

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$$\sigma_{\text{total}}, \sigma_{\geq 1}, \sigma_{\geq 2} \Rightarrow C = \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\text{total}}^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Delta_{\geq 2}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Transform to *exclusive* jet cross sections

$$\sigma_0 = \sigma_{\text{total}} - \sigma_{\geq 1}, \quad \sigma_1 = \sigma_{\geq 1} - \sigma_{\geq 2}, \quad \sigma_{\geq 2}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\text{total}}^2 + \Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & -\Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & 0 \\ -\Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & \Delta_{\geq 1}^2 + \Delta_{\geq 2}^2 & -\Delta_{\geq 2}^2 \\ 0 & -\Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & \Delta_{\geq 2}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

📌 Note the larger uncertainty in the 0-jet bin

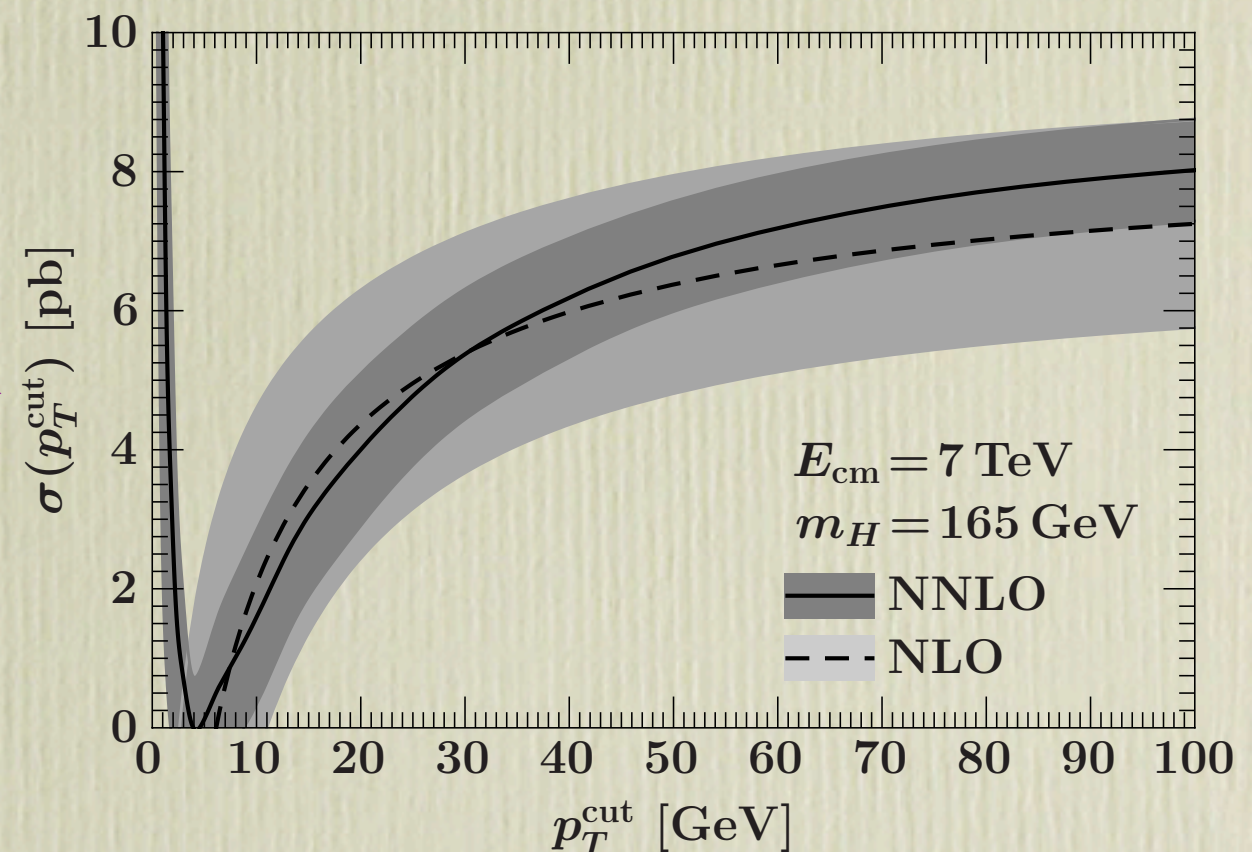
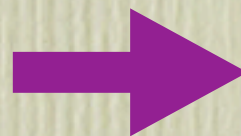
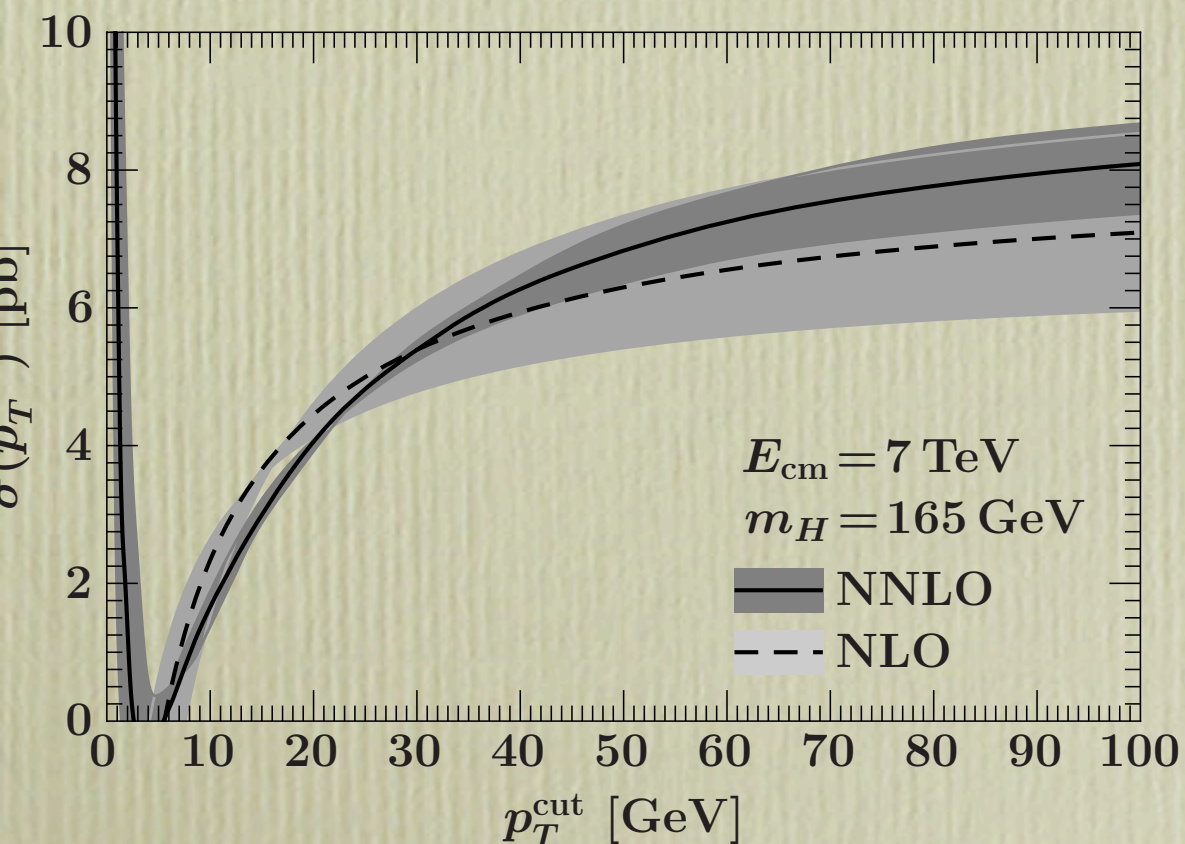
Correlations: proposal 2


from F. Tackmann

same test case:

cut	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\text{total}}}{\sigma_{\text{total}}}$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\geq 1}}{\sigma_{\geq 1}}$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\geq 2}}{\sigma_{\geq 2}}$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_0}{\sigma_0}$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_1}{\sigma_1}$
$p_T^{\text{cut}} = 30 \text{ GeV}, \eta^{\text{cut}} = 3$	10%	21%	45%	17%	29%

More
conservative
error



 Overlap between NNLO, resummed scale variation bands

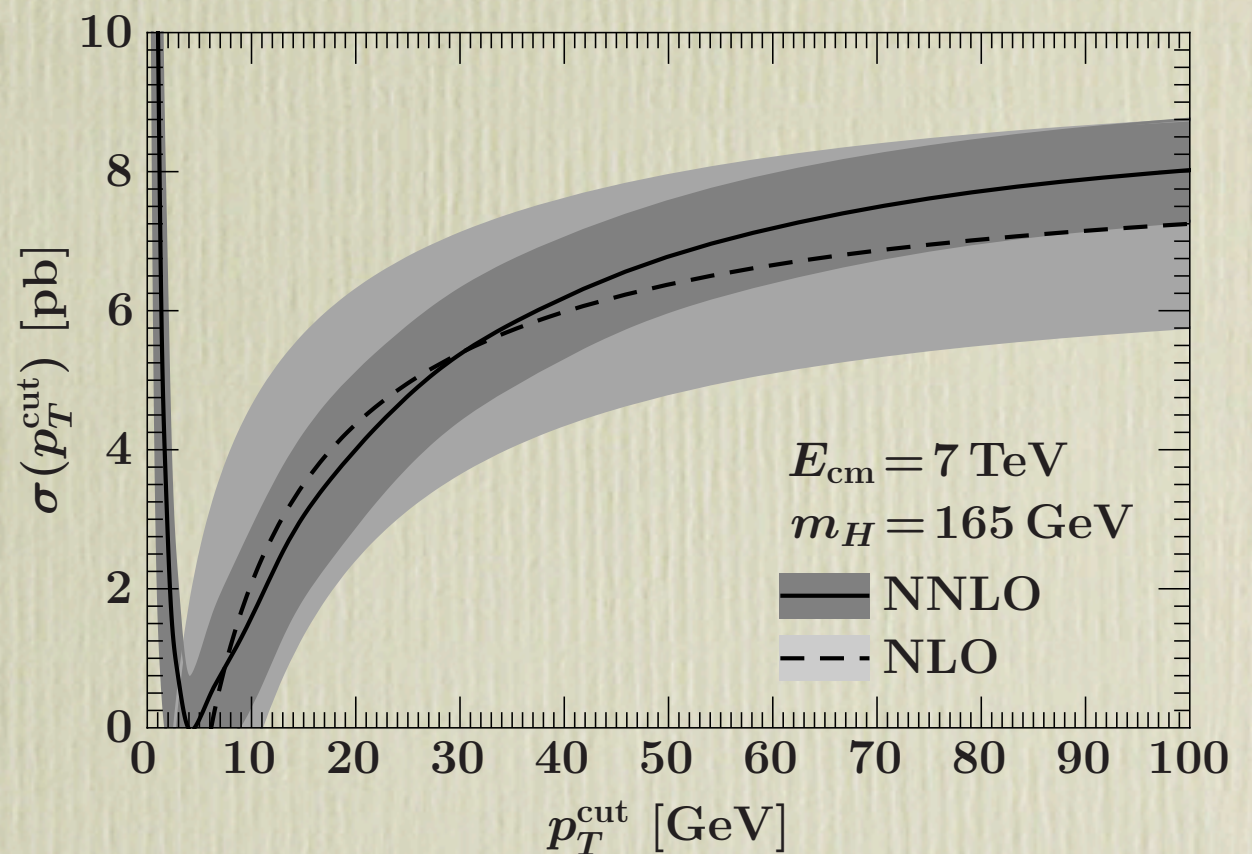
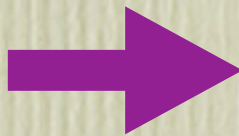
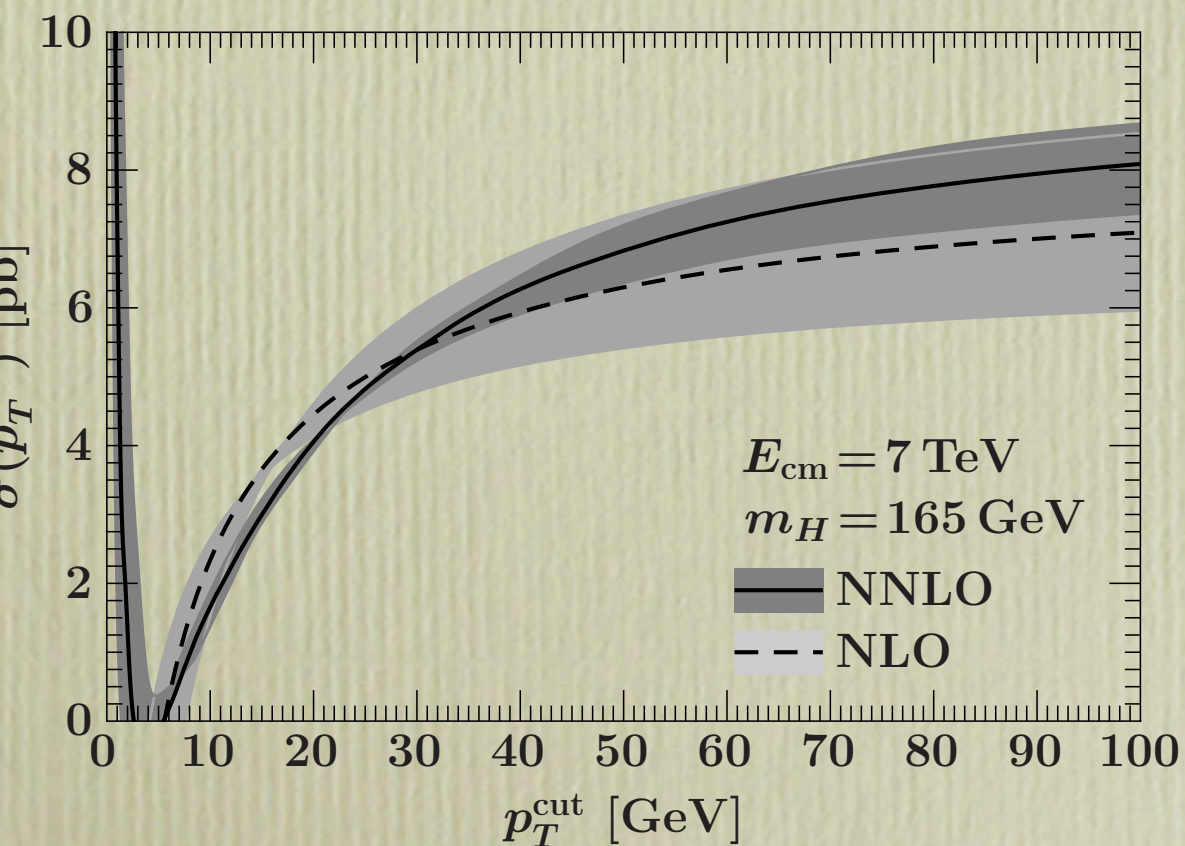
Correlations: proposal 2


from F. Tackmann

Correlations for $\{\sigma_{\text{total}}, f_0, f_1, f_2\}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.44 & -0.33 & -0.22 \\ 0.44 & 1 & -0.92 & -0.10 \\ -0.33 & -0.92 & 1 & -0.31 \\ -0.22 & -0.10 & -0.31 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Can be translated into
an error matrix for the
event fractions



 Overlap between NNLO, resummed scale variation bands

Another proposal for errors

- Determine central values of jet bin fractions f_i from MC by each experiment for its selection;

- Calculate binned cross sections as

$$\sigma_i = f_i \times \sigma_{tot}$$

- Calculate uncertainties as

$$\Delta\sigma_i = \sqrt{(\Delta f_i)^2 \sigma_{tot}^2 + f_i^2 (\Delta\sigma_{tot})^2}$$

Gives 11-12%
uncertainty in the
o-jet bin for the
test study

i.e. ignore the correlations between jet fraction and total cross section, it's simpler !

- take the uncertainty on the total cross section from CERN Yellow Report;
- estimate the uncertainty on the fraction using fixed order program such as HNNLO

Conclusions

- Some worry that current uncertainties for cross sections in jet bins (5-6% in 0-jet bin) are too small
- Several studies suggested (HqT, beam-thrust reweightings) to test robustness of uncertainty estimate from fixed-order scale variation
- Different correlation technique that can, right now, increase the uncertainties to the 10-15% level for 0-jet bin
- How to best combine efforts with NLO-MC uncertainty project?